



AAICAMA FAQs Series

Medicaid and Title IV-E Adoption Assistance

16. Question: Can an Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance (ICAMA) member state require documentation of the title IV-E eligibility determination made by the adoption assistance state in addition to the ICAMA 6.01 form before providing Medicaid in an interstate case?

No, under the ICAMA, a member state should not require documentation of the title IV-E eligibility determination in addition to the ICAMA 6.01 form before providing Medicaid in an interstate case. Under the Compact, standard member practice and federal law, the adoption assistance state is designated as the state that determines eligibility. A completed ICAMA 6.01 accompanied by a copy of the fully executed adoption assistance agreement is all that is required of the sending state (the adoption assistance state) to send the receiving state (the resident state) in order for the resident state to provide Medicaid to a title IV-E adoption assistance eligible child.

Cite: The Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance, Section E of the 6.01 ICAMA form, Certification (See also Section A. 6, Basis of Medicaid Eligibility.)

Note: Title IV-E adoption assistance eligible children are mandatory eligible for Medicaid. Their Medicaid receipt is an entitlement and cannot be delayed or denied due to state policy or practice. *(See Question #1)*

Cite: 42 U.S.C. §1396a (10)(A)(i)(I); 42 C.F.R. §§435.115(1), 435.145, 435.909 and 436.114.

U.S.C. refers to the United States Code
C.F.R. refers to the Code of Federal Regulations